

**THE REPUBLICAN PARTY AND ITS
PROSPECTS.**

The history of the Republican party from 1860, when it first achieved success in the election of Abraham Lincoln, to the present time, is one of the most remarkable chapters of political history of modern times. To the person who is interested in studying the character of our Government, and the historical events of the nation, the struggle and the triumphs of the Republican party are as fascinating as the most thrilling romance. It was born at a time when the country needed its intelligence and its patriotism the most. The slaveholding power was making a desperate struggle for the extension of slavery in the new States. Between the North and the South there was a bitter feeling, which was rapidly widening on the question of negro slavery. Pledged against the wrongs of human bondage, the Republican party won the first political battle for freedom ever won in this country. Its victory at the polls in 1860, brought on the deadliest and the most bitter and gigantic civil war, ever known in the history of the world. But the party was equal to the emergency, and its spirit backed the administration in its attempt to thwart the designs of the slave power in the South. The suppression of the rebellion, the political preservation of the country, the emancipation of slaves, the amendments to the constitution giving the colored man freedom and suffrage, the acts of reconstruction, the protection to the common schools, and the rapid advancement of learning, are among the achievements of the Republican party. It has been upheld at the five national elections, and for twenty years has controlled the governments of a majority of the Northern States.

We are now told the party is on its last legs. We have heard that cry ever since the party came into power. There are a few political dyed-skins who never see a bright sky, and who are constantly predicting the fatality of the party. They are croaking now and have been croaking for years. Because the President and the Republicans are a little crosswise, and because Howe made a fool of himself, they take a melancholy view of the situation. The Republicans won't take any stock in Hayes or Howe unless they are right. The intelligence of the party is the secret of its strength. They never blindly follow a leader. No politician or a set of politicians can ensnare the party. They support principles and not men, and can not be hoodwinked by Chandler and Howe, nor led astray by the President's Southern policy. There are some in Wisconsin who respect Mr. Hayes for his honest motives and sincere intentions, and probably endorse his policy; and possibly one in a thousand may defend Howe, but when the campaign reaches us the coming fall, and good men are nominated, there will be no dissensions and indifference. Senators and Representatives may have disputes and wrangle among themselves, and the Executive and the Senate may be at loggerheads, but the party goes marching on winning victories in New Hampshire and Rhode Island and will likewise maintain its supremacy in a large majority of the Northern States.

LEGISLATIVE ECONOMY.

To the Editor:

JANESVILLE, April 4.

It seems to me that our Legislature is a pretty expensive luxury, especially when there were more employees about it than there were members. I understand that in the Senate, for instance, there were two employees to each Senator and one to a spouse. How is that? I believe in biennial sessions, that much of the expense may be stopped. Can you tell me how many States have biennial sessions, and what is the pay of the members as compared with ours. Such information will be of interest to your readers.

Yours for economy,

We have several times stated that the number of States holding biennial sessions is 23, besides all the Territories, eight in number. It don't require any argument to prove that such sessions are the cheapest and the best. In point of economy they are quite necessary, and besides that they give more stability to our state laws. In some States, even where biennial sessions are held, the sessions are limited. For instance, in Colorado, Georgia, Nebraska, and Oregon, they are limited to 40 days. In others 60, and in California, 120. In these States the members receive a per diem, and can draw no compensation after the expiration of the time limited by law. The pay of members varies in nearly all the States, and runs from \$1 per day in Rhode Island, to \$10 in California. In Wisconsin, the members draw \$35, in New York, \$1,500; which is the highest paid in the United States; in Pennsylvania, \$1,000; in Mississippi, and New Jersey, \$500; and in Maine only \$150. As regards the employees in our Legislature during the late session, there were 153, 20 more than the whole number of members.

The Chicago Tribune devotes considerable space to the belligerent attitude of Baraboo and La Crosse. It seems that the hostilities between the people of the two places is only equalled in intensity by those existing between England and Russia. This bad feeling is occasioned by the acquittal of Wissinger, who was tried at Baraboo for the murder of Dr. Chamberlain, at La Crosse, in December 1876. Wissinger is a dissolute fellow, and Dr. Chamberlain was a highly respected physician. He was murdered in broad-daylight on the street. Wissinger's cause for committing the deed is alleged to be the criminal intimacy between his wife and the doctor. He was taken to Baraboo for trial. He got the sympathies of the Baraboo ladies in his favor. They visited him at the jail, contributed generously to his bodily comfort, ministers preached discourses in his behalf during the trial, and when Wissinger was acquitted, the ladies showered their caresses upon him and overwhelmed

THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 22

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1878.

NUMBER 24

THE NEWS.

War Has at Last Been Determined Upon

As the Only Means of Settling the Conflicting Interests

Of the Great Powers Interested in the Eastern Question.

Russia Will Dispatch an Army Corps to British India.

Prince Gortschakoff's Diplomacy Will Precipitate the Conflict.

Meeting of the Republican National Committee.

Opinion of Maryland's Attorney General on the Blair Resolutions.

The House of Representatives at Last Disposes of Door-Keeper Polk.

Meeting of the Joint Committee of the Wisconsin Legislature on the Statute Revision.

Other Interesting State and National News Items.

THE EAST.

War Determined Upon—General Ignatieff Interviewed—His Mission to Austria—Gortschakoff's Diplomacy—A Russian Army Corps for the Indies.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 5.—I have just had an interview with General Ignatieff. He is satisfied with the result of his mission to Vienna, inasmuch as it enables Russia to see more clearly what is necessary to be done. Count Andrasz told him distinctly what Austria required, and the situation, as between Russia and Austria, has therefore become clearly defined. Each knows what the other wants, and should the congress ever meet the programme which each would support is already settled. Considering everything, General Ignatieff thinks the congress would only lead to war.

There are conflicting interests at stake in this Eastern question, which can only be settled by war, and no congress could reconcile them. Prince Gortschakoff appears to have made up his mind for war, and, in fact, to prefer it as a means of arriving at a definite solution of the difficulty. He is, therefore, shaping his diplomacy with a view to that end, and events will be influenced in such a way as to precipitate the struggle under circumstances not favorable to Russia. Everything here points to war, and the public mind is fully prepared for it.

General Tcherniaeff has been appointed to the command of a special corps of chasseurs, destined to penetrate rapidly into the heart of Central Asia, in countries where the Russian armies have already been on several expeditions. This special corps will be composed of Cossacks and horse artillery, and will be augmented in the march by such recruits as the general commanding may see fit to take. There are many volunteers for such work, but the column will have to be formed among the hardy Nomad tribes of Central Asia, and the general will have no difficulty in enlisting their services. General Tcherniaeff, who is an old campaigner in Central Asia, will act with the greatest promptitude and celerity of movement, adopting the tactics followed by Gourko after the passage of the Danube. As he is very familiar with the ground and has great experience in dealing with Asiatics, it is considered here that no better selection could have been made. It is not yet known what the strength of his command will be, but it is asserted that the greatest care has been taken in selecting the men and the subordinate chiefs. Tcherniaeff came to St. Petersburg some weeks ago for the purpose of receiving his instructions with regard to the route to be followed, and conferring with the military authorities on the preparation for the expedition.

BANNING'S ARMY BILL.

The House Military Committee Agree to the Banning Army Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.—The House Military Committee to-day agreed to Banning's new Army Reorganization bill and it will be reported for action at the next call of the Committee.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

WEDNESDAY, April 3, 1878, 2d Day. Court met, etc.

Bacon vs. Bacon. Court declines to consider motion; motion being too late.

U. N. Bush vs. Roberts. Rehearing granted on the single question of the amount which the respondent is entitled to recover.

OPINIONS BY RYAN, C. J.

Shipman vs. State. Motion to file amendment, answer overruled.

Wright vs. Kundskopf. Motion for re-hearing denied, with \$25 costs.

Raickhoff vs. Tochtlaert. The same order.

State vs. Lockwood. Court declines to answer the questions reported, there having been no legal trial.

Carpenter vs. Sheppard. Order affirmed.

Rasmussen vs. McCabe. Judgment reversed and remanded for a new trial.

Cook vs. Berlin Woolen Mills. Judgment reversed and remanded for judgment for the applicant in accordance with opinion.

OPINIONS OF COLE, J.

Wheeler vs. Pericles. Motion for rehearing denied, with \$25 costs.

Allen vs. Seylried. Judgment reversed and new trial ordered.

Thompson vs. Insurance Company. Order affirmed and remanded for further proceedings.

Edmund vs. Insurance Company. Same order.

Bammessel vs. Insurance Company. Judgment affirmed.

Douglas vs. State. Same order.

OPINION OF LYON, J.

Insurance Company vs. Dilem. Order affirmed.

Bannister vs. Blythe. Same order.

Johnson vs. Railroad Company. Same order.

Felt vs. Amidon. Judgment reversed and remanded for new trial.

State vs. Parish. Question certified, answered in negative.

Clegg et al., respondents vs. Jones et al., appellants. Argued by W. E. Carter for appellants, and by Alexander Wilson for respondents.

Incurring a Tremendous Risk.

They incur a tremendous risk who sojourn or emigrate to reside in districts where malarial disease is prevalent, without medicinal means of fortifying their systems against the periodic scourge. The danger to billions subsists, and to those who lack bodily stamina, is particularly serious. A preventive and curative agent of known anti-malarial efficacy should be frequently used and constantly kept at hand by such persons; and on none can they rely with such certainty of protection and aid as Hostetler's Stone Bitters. This grand specific roots out every vestige of the malarial poison from the system, and endows it with an amount of vital activity and repelling power that nullifies the influence of malaria. It also prevents and remedies disorders of the stomach, bowels and liver, which are particularly prevalent in malarious regions, and is an incomparable general invigorant.

BLOOD MUST BE SHED.

I asked Captain Mordaunt whether there was no means of escape. He said only one, and that to plunge into the jungle and thus cause the pursuers to lose the trail in the night. I was terrified at the notion, for I thought we would be lost or starved. I

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STRANGER THAN FICTION.

Marvelous and Romantic History of St. Louis Married Couple—The Wife of an English Colonel Elopes With a Captain-Terrible Sufferings in an Indian Jungle to Avoid Pursuit.

From the St. Louis Post.

In a small house on South Sixth street not far below Market, resides a Mr. and Mrs. Mordaunt, a married couple of English birth who obtained a precarious livelihood out of the small profits of a most dismal and diminutive notion store which forms the basement of the building. The history of Mrs. Mordaunt has been one of exciting episodes and manifold vicissitudes. Knowing something of it, an Evening Post reporter sought out the lady and obtained the story of her life from her own lips. Mrs. Eleanor Mordaunt is a woman of about 40 years of age. She is tall and graceful, and amidst all the surroundings of poverty still retains a courtliness and ladylike manner and demeanor that are rarely met with even in the most cultured circles. She is a blonde of the pure Caucasian type, regular oval countenance, slightly retromoulé nose, a well formed mouth and a pleasant smile, with an abundance of auburn hair. Her dress was neat and becoming though very plain, but the little bandage about the throat showed that the fire of coquetry was yet alive within her. She courteously invited the reporter into the back parlor, and then related to him her eventful history:

My maiden name was Trellawney, and I was born in Exeter, in Devonshire, England. My father was a country gentleman of ample fortune, and his sole delight seemed to be in the company of my brother Harold and myself. Our mother had died while we were both young, and a governess at first superintended our school studies. When I was about 12 I was sent to a French pensionnat to complete my education. At 17 I returned home, and the following year was presented to Queen Victoria at a drawing room, and came out in society. Colonel Vane was then one round of pleasure and amusement. I was considered handsome and the gentlemen flattered and courted me so that I became exceedingly vain. After about two years of this life Colonel Vane, a friend of my father's, returned with his regiment to the West Indies. He was at that time about 49 years of age, and had remained a bachelor all his life. My attractions must have captivated him, for he became one of my most ardent admirers. I never dreamed of anything serious, though, with my natural inclination for a flirtation, I must own that I encouraged him. My astonishment, however, was great, when three months after my father asked me to come into his library, and told me that Colonel Vane was a suitor for my hand. I found the idea so preposterous that I burst into a laugh, when my father gravely told me it was his wish and desire that I should be united to the Colonel. I remonstrated and pointed out the disparity in our ages, but he insisted. Tears and lamentations were of no avail, so as I was very fancy free, I concluded that I might as well take the Colonel as anyone else. He doled on me, and I thought I could manage him. Well, not to weary you too much, I will say that within nine months I was married and became Mrs. Vane. Colonel Vane, during the first two years of our married life, treated me most considerately. He was a good officer and highly esteemed in the aristocratic circles in which we moved, and during the gay season we attended balls and parties at Buckingham palace, as well as the various mansions of the nobility. On one occasion Colonel Vane and I received an invitation to

ATE IT GREENLY.

We then pursued our wanderings, and passed another night in the jungle. We were literally exhausted on the afternoon of the next day we caught the hut of a native. He was an outcast—a pariah—but he gave us food and shelter, and we rested there for four days. He then conducted us to Ojen, and from thence we proceeded by a circuitous route to Bombay, where we took ship for Europe. We only stayed a short time in England and then went to Germany. My brother disengaged me, and Captain Mordaunt's relations did the same by him. We stayed a couple of years in Germany, when at Wiesbaden in the Kursaal Colony, Vane suddenly appeared before Captain Mordaunt, struck him in the face and called him a scoundrel. A duel was fought, in which Captain Mordaunt received a wound in the shoulder and was confined to his bed for some months. I nursed him and he gradually recovered. Col. Vane returned to England and commenced proceedings against his divorce, claiming \$50,000 damages against Captain Mordaunt. The divorce was granted and some property belonging to the latter was sold to pay the damages and costs. We were now utterly without resources, and we determined to come to America. We were first married at the church of St. George, the martyr, in Queen square, London, and then engaging passage on the Cunard steamer from Liverpool, came to New York. My husband tried month after month to get some position, but all his efforts were fruitless. Meanwhile we were living on the proceeds of the sale of our possessions.

SALE OF JEWELRY,

which I was disposing of slowly. Other resources we had none, so I was compelled to part with it but I did not mind it much, as I knew there would be little prospect of my having any opportunity to wear it again in our altered circumstances. Finally my husband obtained a situation as clerk in a stock broker's office and remained there two years, when the firm became bankrupt. I had a few trifling articles of jewelry still left, so we resolved to come to America.

On our arrival at Bombay we remained there for six months, and the regiment was next ordered to Delhi. We stayed there for about three years, and my husband was less of a burden to me, when one day Colonel Vane entered my room perfectly laid with a red and lined indignant epithet at me calling me many foul-mouthed names. I could not understand it. His treatment of me changed entirely. I soon found out the cause.

At the end of a month one of the regiments quartered in Delhi was removed to Lucknow, and another took its place. To my surprise, amongst the officers was Captain Mordaunt.

Of course it was utterly impossible to prevent our being thrown together, as Anglo-Indian society is very limited, but my husband always watched my every movement. At this time I received news of my father's death.

He became suddenly ill, so we had to leave him at the Hague.

He was a book-agent and tries to add something to our little stock, but I don't think he does very well, and then—with a faint smile—he is too much of a gentleman for that.

The reporter bade the lady farewell and departed, musing on the strange mutations of fortune which had reduced this couple from affluence to poverty and on their strange eventful history. He concluded after all that the old trite saying is true, "Fact is stranger than fiction."

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THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1878.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Trains at Janesville station.

From Monroe.....	8:58 a.m.
From Prairie du Chien.....	1:45 p.m.
Cudahy, Milwaukee, Waukesha, etc.....	2:45 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee and East.....	3:45 p.m.
From Monroe (Freight).....	4:30 a.m.

DEPART-

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East.....	8:58 a.m.
For Chicago, Milwaukee and East.....	12:30 p.m.
For Madison, Prairie du Chien, St. Paul, etc.....	1:45 p.m.
For Monroe.....	2:45 p.m.
For Monroe (Freight).....	4:30 a.m.

W. M. NOYES, Agent.

J. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass'g Ag't;

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

Trains at Janesville Station.

Going North—Arrive.....	Depart.....
Day Express.....	1:35 p.m.
Fond du Lac passenger.....	3:55 p.m.

Going South—Arrive.....	Depart.....
Day Express.....	2:45 p.m.
Fond du Lac passenger.....	6:35 a.m.

M. HUGHETT, Gen'l Supt.	W. H. STENNETT,
Janesville, Wis.	General Passenger Agent.

WESTERN UNION RAILROAD.

FROM CLINTON JUNCTION.

10:00 A.M.—Going West, mail and passenger for Rock Island and intermediate points.

10:15 A.M.—Going West, same as above.

5:15 A.M.—Going West, mail and passenger for Racine, making connections with Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. at Western Union Junction.

3:30 P.M.—Going East, passenger for Racine, connection as above.

Post-Office.—Spring Time Table.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago and Way..... 1:30 p.m.

Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junctions..... 7:00 a.m.

Green Bay and Way..... 2:30 p.m.

Monroe and Way..... 9:00 a.m.

Madison and Way..... 1:30 p.m.

Minneapolis and Way..... 5:15 p.m.

OVER-LAND MAILED ARRIVE.

Centre and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays..... 12:00 m.

All points East, West and South of Chicago..... 2:30 p.m.

All points East, West and South of Chicago via Milton Junction..... 3:00 p.m.

Green Bay, Milwaukee, Michigan, Indiana, Northern Michigan and Northern Iowa..... 1:10 p.m.

Milwaukee and Way..... 2:15 noon

Monroe, Brothard and Way..... 7:15 p.m.

Racine, Rockford and Way..... 2:30 p.m.

OVER-LAND MAIL CLOSE.

Bolton stage by..... 4:00 p.m.

Center and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays..... 2:00 p.m.

East Troy, via Rock Prairie, Johnston, Richmond, etc., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays..... 7:00 a.m.

Emerald Grove and Fairfield, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays..... 2:00 p.m.

Post-Office Hours:

LADIES' LEAMON'S DYE.

Warranted the best and cheapest Dyes for all family and fancy dyeing.

COLOR USE.

Warranted the best and cheapest Dyes for all family and fancy dyeing.

WEFLES, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

SWEET JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco.

Awarded first prize at Centennial Exposition for chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of smoking and flavor.

IF YOU ever want to do so shall sell Goods.

DRUGS.

Warranted the best and cheapest Drugs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CATARRH

A PHYSICIAN'S TESTIMONY.

30 Years a Physician. 12 Years a Survivor. Tried Regular Remedies. Tried Patent Medicines. Permanently cured by

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

MESSRS. WEEKS & POTTER.—Sir: I have had practiced medicine for thirty years, and have been a physician for twenty-eight of them. I have used everything in the materia medica with equal success, and have tried every known remedy to try a patent medicine (something that we all know are very bad to do). I tried, and others often recommended, "Cathartics." I followed the directions to the letter, and am happy to say have never permanent cure. YOUR RADICAL CURE is certain, a rapid, comfortable, and safe cure of that most unpleasant and dangerous of disease.

Yours, respectfully,
D. W. GRAY, M.D.
Of Dr. D. W. Gray, Physician and
Druggist, Muscatine, Iowa.
Muscatine, Iowa, March 27, 1870.

The value of this remedy must not be overlooked in the cure of those

SYMPATHETIC DISEASES,

Affections of the Eye, Ear, Throat, Lungs and Bronchial Tubes which in many cases accompany a severe cold, or a sore throat, and cause a clogged and eased condition of the mucous membrane. It is the case of all those troubles, and until the system has been purged and restored to health, the RADICAL CURE will effect freedom from them cannot be reasonably expected.

It is well known that SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE was placed before the public, but in that short time it has found its way from Maine to California, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific, of more importance when it is coupled with the statement that it has over 250 different remedies for Catarrh which have been tested, and so-day, with one or two exceptions, their names can hardly be mentioned without becoming vulgar.

Advertising may succeed in forcing a few sales, but unless the remedy posses undoubted specific merit, it can never be absolutely certain to fall into the hands of the druggists.

Each package of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with which it is fit to use in all cases. Price \$1.00. Sold by all well-known Druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canada. W. H. & J. H. WEEKS, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

IS SIMPLY WONDERFUL.

KINGSTON, MINN., April 20, 1870.—I consider myself a great PLASTER. The best plaster I ever saw, and am recommending them to all.

C. MCNORRUE.

HENRY, Ill., April 20, 1870.—It has done my boy more good than all other medicines. He is now well again, for the first time in three years.

ELIZA JANE DUFFIELD.

EMMA, Ill., April 20, 1870.—I like the ones I got well. They are the best plasters, no doubt, in the world.

ANN GROVE, Mo., March 22, 1870.—Accept my thanks for the good directions you sent me. COLLINS' PLASTERS sent me some time ago.

W. C. MOORE.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER for local pains, lameness, soreness, weakness, numbness, and inflammation of the lungs, liver, kidneys, spleen, bowels, bladder, heart, and muscles, is equal to an army of doctors and scores of physicians and shrubs.

Price, 25 cents.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**Dr. Clara L. Normington**

(A graduate of the Woman's Medical College, Chicago,) respectfully offers her services to the people of Janesville and vicinity.

Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty.

Office 19 West Milwaukee street, Tallman's block, Office hours from 9 to 12 a.m., and 1 to 5 p.m. 3-25dawly

J. H. BALCH,

Justice of the Peace

Conveyancing Promptly Attended to

Agent & Attorney, Topeka & Santa Fe R. Co.'s Lands.

Office Postoffice Block, Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis. Up Stairs.

my17dawly.

E. E. ELDREDGE,

O. H. FETHERS,

LAWYERS,

Smith & Jackman's Block.

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Will practice in all the State and U. S. courts; buy and sell real estate; negotiate loans; and make collections. Correspondence invited.

jans7dawly

H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.

Special attention given to collections, auto to the forehouse of mortgagors. All business intrusted to his care promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Office on Main street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis.

subsidary

GEO. H. McCAUSEY

SURGEON DENTIST

Office to Tallman's Block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee st., Janesville, Wis.

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Abstracts of Title

A. E. MORSE,

At the office of Register of Deeds.

Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in Rock county; reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans.

Nov17dawly

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN,

Dental Surgeon,

Office in Smith & Jackman's block, opposite the post office, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

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J. B. CASSIDAY,

Cassiday & Carpenter.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Office, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Tallman's block, Janesville, Wis.

moldaw

M. M. PHELPS,

Attorney - at - Law.

Collections made, loans negotiated, mortgage foreclosed.

Office, Tallman's block, cor. Main and Milwaukee streets.

Jan3-25dawly

PIANO-FORTE

REPAIRING!

Mr. G. W. HERSEE

IS NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF Piano-Forte Repairing, such as: Head-stringing, Re-polishing and Varnishing, suppling and binding, etc. All sets of strings, if required, entire sets of actions will be intrusted. This class of work has heretofore been done only in eastern factories. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Office for repairing or tuning piano, or Warren Music Store of Rossety & Bro., or Warren Building, Louisville, July 18, 1870.

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THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1878.

CITY AND COUNTY.

BRIEFLETS.

■ April sprinkles.
—The dust was laid last night.
—Janesville shall have a rousing fair.
—The public schools close one week from to-day.
—Now that the house cleaning epidemic is raging, it isn't safe for a man to go for a drink in the dark.

—Mr. Patrick Fitzgerald, for many years a resident of this city, died last night, after a long and painful illness.

—Mr. R. C. Yeomans took a young apprentice in the gas fitting business last night. A nine pounder and all well.

—The fishing is so good that the Sunday schools are obliged to offer better chromos than ever to keep up the attendance.

—Rev. N. Scales, will preach at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms at half past seven o'clock this evening.

—The street sprinkler is at work to-day, last night's shower not having been enough to keep some dust from flying.

—Mr. Cyrus Miner is still kept away from business by illness but is some better, out of danger, and will soon be out o' doors.

—T. J. Cairn's dry goods store is greatly improved by having a new front put in, which has a fashionable black coat of paint.

—Justice Wickham has decided to set up the scales over Davies' store. He will enter upon the duties of his office about the 17th.

■—E. Thomas, the boot and shoe man, has arranged to occupy the store lately occupied by Parkinson & McAllister, and will move about the first of May.

—Will Follansbee is examining the price-lists of toys, cradles, and baby-wagons. The new comer will be a voter if he lives twenty-one years longer.

—Mr. E. F. Welch, who is travelling in the interests of Phelps, Dodge & Palmer of Chicago, has the thanks of the Gazette for copies of papers published in the far West. Do some more.

—Dr. Horne, who has advertised for sale his mare "Queen of the West," has had several offers, and several parties in Milwaukee seem determined to capture the fast flyer, and carry her there.

—As a striking instance of how the trade of Janesville extends to remote parts of the country, it is stated that Webb & Hall have received an order from Dakotah for a lot of silverware to be shipped to parties in South Carolina.

—There has been some busy days at Smith & Bostwick's lately. Besides the usual run of trade, they have been diligently packing case after case of dry goods and shipping them to Cedar Rapids, to stock up Frank Barrett.

—War has been declared, by McClernan & Co., who declare themselves ready for action. Some of the prices for which they are now selling dry goods are extremely low as will be seen by perusing their advertisement found elsewhere.

—A fellow named Morgan, who was sent up from this city two years ago for burglary, has served his term at Waupun, and in company with two others, whose terms had also expired, visited Janesville yesterday, and took the south bound train, and were put off at Clinton.

—Justice Patten has sentenced Mrs. Kate Lynch, of Beloit, to five days hard work and enough more to settle a \$10 fine. Kate was pretty drunk, and does not seem to gain wisdom from the bitter experiences of her past life. She has just served sixty days for a like offence.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

Webb's Tennessee Minstrels and Jennie Demorest's variety combination arrived this afternoon and will appear at the Opera house this evening. The two shows consolidated in one will be able to present a strong variety programme. The managers declare that it is no can-can or ballet troupe, and that the show will be strictly moral and refined. The solo embraces banjo solos and duets, guitar solos, character songs, ballad-singing, songs and dances, and a farce entitled "The Two Men of Sandy Hook" closes the programme. Minstrels and variety shows are generally well patronized, and this will probably be no exception.

A BAD BLOW OUT.

Mr. A. M. Burdick, who resides on Centre avenue, met with a serious accident a few days ago, which however will not result as badly as was at first anticipated. It seems that he had a horse which needed doctoring somewhat, and in accordance with a recipe he picked up somewhere, he procured some gunpowder and some grease, which were to be mixed together. He placed the grease on the stove and melted it and was stirring in the gunpowder, when an explosion suddenly took place, throwing the larger part of the hot mixture into his face, and peppering the skin well with blisters and burns. It was a complete surprise party for him, as he had no intention of taking the medicine himself. By careful treatment, and a liberal application of bandages and sticking plaster, Mr. Burdick has been enabled to appear again on the streets, but is not very enthusiastic about recommending that diet.

ESCAPE OF A PRISONER.

—Some young girls were carelessly running up and down the sidewalk in front of the express office the other day, with a baby carriage, when the carriage was suddenly tipped over, and its little passenger thrown out upon the stone curbing, causing a bad fracture of the skull. The baby happened to be a chin, but the same thing would probably have happened had it been genuine flesh and blood.

—President Farar, of Milwaukee College, who delivers a lecture on Statuary at All Souls this evening, is said to be an accomplished art student. His Lady's Class, in Milwaukee, numbers upwards of three hundred. He brings the large stereopticon with Drummond lights with him, and an extensive collection of views. It will be good chance to study art, for a dime admission. Those intending to be present are requested to be prompt at 7:30, so as to avoid interruptions.

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—The examination of J. Waffel and Wm.

Hall, charged with forgery, was cut short yesterday by the defendants waiving further examination, and giving \$500 bail each, to appear at the next term of the Circuit Court. The accused are of highly respectable families, and have themselves borne a good reputation, and the trial will doubtless consist mainly of technical quibbling, rather than attempt to show any high handed fraud, it relating to some mortgages and other documentary transactions.

—One of the spruce young men who preside at the counter of a clothing house, was greatly excited this morning on learning that silver half-dollars were selling for twenty and thirty cents at the banks. He couldn't solve the financial question, but thought it mattered little as to the cause of the low price, as long as he could get the coins at a discount and pass them off at par. He accordingly lined his pocket with a five dollar bill, and went to the bank to make a purchase. He then found that the statement was true, and that he could get the silver halves for twenty and thirty cents, but that the twenty added to the thirty made fifty. He didn't purchase—except some cigars for the boys.

—Complaint is made with much justification that anyone wanting to do any business with the money-order department is liable to be greatly inconvenienced by a crowd, who stand about in the little room assigned for that purpose, and who have no legitimate business to transact there.

There are some who always go into that room to write their postal cards and letters, and who not only crowd out those who have money-order business to transact, but they spill ink around, throw waste paper about, and cause general disorder. There is a standing desk in the postoffice designed for the accommodation of those intruders, and they should use that, as the money-order room is none too large for the purposes for which it was designed.

—Medor DeLent, a machinist employed at the Doty Works, while at work yesterday had his attention drawn to an odious man, who was loitering about but he kept on with his work until he began to surmise that the old customer was up to something, whereupon DeLent jumped for him and seized his man from behind, exclaimed, "now I have got you." The "old un" immediately handed out DeLent's gold watch and chain which he had ingeniously taken from DeLent's vest pocket which was lying near. After getting off, the old man is next heard from stealing from Lynch's meat market, and now the officers want to see him. It is thought that he is a young man fixed up "old" for the occasion.

—The weather.

The thermometer at 7 o'clock this morning stood at 43 degrees above zero and at 2 o'clock 59 degrees above. Clear and breezy. One year ago to-day at corresponding hours the thermometer stood at 82 and 46 degrees above.

The indications are, partly cloudy weather, possibly rain areas, warm southeasterly veering to colder northwest winds, and falling followed by rising barometer.

READY FOR SHEEPSKINS.

The graduating exercises of the High School will take place one week from today. The class numbers nine, and is said to be quite strong, none having fallen below eight on the scale of ten for the examination by the County Superintendent. The following are the students, who will receive diplomas: Misses Della Case, Etta Foster, Sarah Andrews, Ida B. Fales, Kate S. Nelson, Lulu Neal, Masters Victor P. Richardson, George Scarliff, Charles H. Wingate. The exercises will be general interest to the public.

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ESCAPE OF A PRISONER.

—The new express office has been graced by a new sign which gives the front a conspicuous and attractive appearance. The office is one of the neatest and most convenient in the State, and with the experienced and gentlemanly agent, Mr. James R. Botsford, there is little occasion for saying anything but good of the way the business is transacted there.

—The social of the Court Street Methodists at Mr. H. S. Hobgood's this evening promises to be sufficiently unique to draw together a house full. Those who desire can have an opportunity of practically experimenting with telephones communicating to another part of the city. There are other attractions to make the evening pass pleasantly. The invitation is a general one.

ESCAPE OF A PRISONER.

A fellow by the name of Daley who was sent up from Beloit for thirty days work was yesterday put with the rest of the gang, and a chain and ball fastened to his leg to keep him from skipping out. He didn't mind however about a little matter like that, and improving the first opportunity took a stone and with it broke the chain in two, and then took to his heels and managed to get beyond the reach of the officers. He took with him the shackles which was riveted about his ankle, and from which dangled a few links of the chain. These escapes are getting to be too numerous by far, and it seems strange that the authorities do not take some effective steps to prevent their occurrence.

Prisoners seem to be allowed to go and come at will, and none of those who have thus escaped have ever been brought back, except one fellow, who brought himself back, after a short vacation.

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—The examination of J. Waffel and Wm.

ATTEMPTING SUICIDE.

An Old Man Tired of Being a Father-in-Law Swallows a Dose of Paris Green—it is Pumped Out and His Life Saved.

Yesterday afternoon an old man named Osmar, living with his son-in-law, John Fink, at the corner of Gold and North streets, made an unsuccessful attempt to become a corpse. It is said that the old gentleman got the idea into his head that his son-in-law and family did not enjoy his companionship and thought him a burden upon them and an unnecessary tax upon their pocket book. Whether there was any foundation for such a notion is not known, but the neighbors say that the old man was always treated kindly by the family with whom he made his home. Yesterday afternoon the old man seemed unusually despondent, and about tea-time was discovered suffering fearful spasms, and groaning terribly. He had become tired of being a father-in-law, and had sought to go and be an angel, by swallowing a dose of Paris green, which had been left over from last year's war on the potato bugs. Emetics were quickly administered and they acted with such promptness that the old man's life was saved. He is said to be a hate and hearty old gentleman, generally in good spirits, and the attempt was accordingly a surprise to his friends and neighbors.

HOW ABOUT THE FAIR?

There seems to be some little hesitancy as to the advisability of holding a county fair in Janesville this fall. It was some time ago decided that one should be held, and yet a few timid ones are discussing whether it will not be better to reconsider that action. The Executive Board of the Agricultural Society meet to-morrow to talk over the matter. There seems to be but one decision which can in wisdom be reached, and that is not only to hold a fair, but to make it so crowded full of attractions, and so running over with enterprise as to render it worthy of the title of the Southern Wisconsin fair. This can be done, and ought to be done. The people in various parts of the county have through their local press spoken in most encouraging words in behalf of holding a big fair here, and promise to push along the enterprise with might and main.

Everything seems to indicate that the coming season will be one of unusual prosperity among the agriculturists. Already there are gathering in and about the county some of the best stock and speediest steeds contained, not only in the State, but in the west. With

the present tour four hundred and fifty miles of road have been opened up, and the

country is in a condition to receive a

large number of visitors.

Prompts most people to delay, by any laudable means that science affords, the evidences of physical decay. He who is in perfect health would not match the bright eye, the active mind, and other appearances of youthful vigor, with the luxuriance, the rich color and beauty of youthful hair? Parker's Hair Balsam stands pre-eminent as an elegant hair dressing, and its healthful action on the roots not only promotes a luxuriant growth of the young hair, but infallibly restores gray or faded hair to the original yellowish color, giving a soft, rich and lustrous appearance of great beauty. No other preparation so effectively removes dandruff or stops falling of the hair; its cooling and healing action entirely curing itching and humors of the scalp, and keeping the skin clean, white and healthy. It is perfectly harmless, exquisitely perfumed, and contains nothing that will soil the skin or gum the hair. It is not a dye, and is unequalled for excellence and purity. Buy a bottle from your druggist A. J. Robert's, Janesville, Wis., and test its merits. apr2dawcojtljune30

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